# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Operation Oswego County, Inc. Oswego, New York

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Operation Oswego County, Inc. (the Organization), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Organization's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Operation Oswego County, Inc. as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Supplementary Information (Statements of Functional Expenses on pages 19 and 20) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedules of Supplementary Information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Supplementary Information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2017, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Syracuse, New York February 27, 2017

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

As management of the Operation Oswego County, Inc. (the "Organization"), we offer readers of this Organization's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Organization for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements.

The New York State Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Fourth Judicial Department ruled in favor of the State of New York Authorities Budget Office in a decision entered February 13, 2015. The Appellate Court concluded that the Organization (a not-for-profit corporation) is a local authority as defined by the New York State Public Authorities Law (PAL). As such, the Organization is subject to the reporting requirements contained in the PAL and the Public Authorities Reporting Information System.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Organization's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$3,640,683 (net position) for the fiscal year reported. This compares favorably to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,340,607. This represents an increase in assets in excess of liabilities of \$300,076, a 9.0% gain.
- Total liabilities of the Organization decreased by \$190,323 to \$2,290,044 during the fiscal year, a reduction of 7.7%.
- The Organization's long-term debt, which is primarily associated with the development of buildings, industrial parks and assistance to business, was reduced by \$156,567 to \$1,957,546. This represents a reduction of 7.4% from the prior fiscal year.
- Support and revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$508,006 before non-operating expenses and by \$300,076 after non-operating expenses.
- The actual changes from the previous fiscal year in support and revenue were \$188,606 representing an increase of 14.2%.
- Rental revenue was \$257,272 for the fiscal year, representing 17% of the Organization's revenue, slightly down from the previous fiscal year when it was \$257,669.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Organization's basic financial statements. The Organization's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements** – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Organization's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Organization's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Organization is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Organization's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods. Both of the government-wide financial statements report only business-type (proprietary) activities, since none of the Organization's activities are considered to be governmental activities supported primarily by taxes.

**Fund financial statements** – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Organization, like other component units of state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Organization does not have any finance-related legal requirements for funds, as such maintains its books and records consistent with other proprietary funds, which is on a basis consistent with business-type activities. The Organization's financial statements are considered a proprietary fund (enterprise fund) which is the same information as presented within the Statements of Net Position and Statements of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 17 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Organization's financial position. In the case of the Organization, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,640,683 and \$3,340,607 as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This net position balance primarily represents cash and cash equivalents of \$712,945 which may be used by the Organization for future economic development needs as more fully described in the Organizations mission statement. The Organization's only fund is treated as a proprietary (business-type) fund. The following are summarized versions of the government-wide financial statements for 2016 and 2015:

#### **Net Position** 2016 2015 Ś 712,945 Ś 843,228 Cash Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses 6,260 4,846 Deposit in loan fund 44,305 44,305 Loans receivable 1,452,081 1,055,020 Capital assets, net 3,873,575 3,715,136 **Total assets** \$ 5,930,727 \$ 5,820,974 Accounts payable \$ \$ 26,306 53,886 Security deposits 12,610 12,610 Deferred revenue 293,582 299,758 Debt obligations 1,957,546 2,114,113 **Total liabilities** \$ 2,290,044 \$ 2,480,367 Net position \$ 3,640,683 \$ 3,340,607 **Change in Net Position** 2016 2015 Support and revenue: \$ 718,703 \$ 825,278 Local governments Micro enterprise program 574 5,520 State and other grants 501,264 201,264 Rental revenue 257,272 257,669 Service charge loans 26,629 31,876 Interest income 11,270 812 Miscellaneous 2,000 6,687 Total support and revenue 1,517,712 1,329,106 **Operating expenses:** Program expenses 924,730 887,881 Management and general 84,976 88,192 1,009,706 Total operating expenses 976,073 Change in net position before depreciation 508,006 353,033 Nonoperating expenses: Depreciation 8,948 8,067 Rental depreciation 96,983 93,654 Loss on sale of land 102,880 207,930 102,602 Change in net position 300,076 250,431 Net position at beginning of year 3,090,176 3,340,607 Net position at end of year \$ 3,640,683 \$ 3,340,607

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the Organization's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Organization's board at the Operation Oswego County, Inc., 44 West Bridge Street, Oswego, NY 13126.

# OPERATION OSWEGO COUNTY, INC. Statements of Net Position

### ASSETS

	December 31,			,
	-	2016		2015
Assets:				
Cash	\$	712,945	\$	843,228
Accounts receivable		6,260		3,309
Deposit in loan fund		44,305		44,305
Loans receivable		1,452,081		1,055,020
Prepaid expenses		-		1,537
Property and improvements, net		1,799,470		1,792,529
Land for development		1,915,666		2,081,046
	\$	5,930,727	\$	5,820,974

### LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	26,306	\$ 53,886
Security deposits		12,610	12,610
Deferred revenue		293,582	299,758
Debt obligations	1,	,957,546	 2,114,113
Total liabilities	2,	,290,044	2,480,367
Unrestricted net position	3,	,640,683	 3,340,607
	\$ 5,	,930,727	\$ 5,820,974

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# OPERATION OSWEGO COUNTY, INC. Statements of Support and Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31,		
	2016	2015		
Support and revenue:				
Local governments	\$ 718,703	\$ 825,278		
Micro enterprise program	574	5,520		
State and other grants	501,264	201,264		
Rental revenue	257,272	257,669		
Service charge loans	26,629	31,876		
Interest income	11,270	812		
Miscellaneous	2,000	6,687		
Total support and revenue	1,517,712	1,329,106		
Operating expenses:		<i></i>		
Program expenses	924,730	887,881		
Management and general	84,976	88,192		
Total operating expenses	1,009,706	976,073		
Change in net position before depreciation	508,006	353,033		
Nonoperating expenses:				
Depreciation	8,067	8,948		
Rental depreciation	96,983	93,654		
Loss on sale of land	102,880	÷		
	207,930	102,602		
Change in net position	300,076	250,431		
Net position at beginning of year	3,340,607	3,090,176		
Net position at end of year	\$ 3,640,683	\$ 3,340,607		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### OPERATION OSWEGO COUNTY, INC. Statements of Cash Flows

	Fo	or the years end	led Deco	ember 31,
		2016		2015
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received for economic development	\$	709,576	\$	808,213
Cash received for manufacturing incentives		-		200,000
Cash received for grants and initiatives		500,000		-
Cash received for other development incentives		3,838		13,471
Cash received for interest and loan service charges		37,899		32,688
Cash received for rent		257,272		257,669
Cash received for loan repayments		54,939	2	36,054
Cash paid for loans issued		(452,000)		(251,627)
Cash paid for administration		(109,949)		(86,214)
Cash paid for grants		(100,000)		11 <u>1</u> 1
Cash paid for development and promotion expenses		(780,167)		(812,856)
Cash paid for professional fees		(45,633)		(53,915)
Net cash provided by operating activities		75,775		143,483
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Cash received for sale of property and improvements		62,500		8 <del>4</del> 3
Cash paid for the purchase of a property and improvements		(111,991)		5 <u>2</u> 5
Net cash used in investing activities		(49,491)		-
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Cash paid loan repayments		(208,567)		(181,917)
Cash received from borrowings		52,000		51,627
Net cash used in financing activities		(156,567)		(130,290)
Net change in cash		(130,283)		13,193
Cash, beginning of year		843,228		830,035
Cash, end of year	\$	712,945	\$	843,228
Reconciliation of changes in net assets to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	300,076	\$	250,431
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net		Constitues • 22 States Hards		1000000 0000000
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		105,050		102,602
Bad debt expense		-		25,000
Forgiveness of debt		-		(180,000)
Loss on sale of land		102,880		
Cancellation of loan receivable		-		45,000
Net change in accounts receivable		(2,951)		(625)
Net change in loans receivable		(397,061)		(215,573)
Net change in prepaid expenses		1,537		(1,537)
Net change in deferred revenue		(6,176)		118,560
Net change in security deposits		-		(363)
Net change in accounts payable		(27,580)		(12)
Net cash provided by in operating activities	\$	75,775	\$	143,483

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of Operations

Operation Oswego County, Inc., (the Organization) is a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit corporation subject to the reporting requirements contained in the New York State Public Authorities Law. The Organization contracts with the Oswego County, State, and local governments to provide economic development, promotion, advertising, technical assistance, financial planning and related services. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) permits certain governmental not-for-profit organizations to report as special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities under GASB Statement No. 34. Accordingly, the Organization operates as a special-purpose government accounted for as a proprietary fund.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting utilizing an "economic resources" measurement focus. In accordance with Statements No. 20 and No. 34 of the GASB, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting", the Organization applies all GASB pronouncements along with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, and APB Opinions except for those that contradict GASB pronouncements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Net position and revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence, or absence, of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net position of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted net position – Assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restriction.

**Temporarily restricted net position** – Assets are subject to donor-imposed restriction that may, or will, be met either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net position balances are reclassified to the unrestricted net position balance and reported as released from restriction. The Organization had no temporarily restricted net position balance at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

**Permanently restricted net position** – Assets are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that may be maintained permanently by the Organization. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Organization to use all or part of the income earned on any related investments for general or specific purposes. The Organization had no permanently restricted net position balance at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Governance

The Organization is managed by a Board of Directors, which establish the general policies governing the Organization. The Board of Directors as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 was comprised of 24 and 27 voting directors, respectively, and 5 non-voting ex-officials in accordance with the by-laws of the Organization.

### Annual Budgets

The Organization is required to provide to the New York State Authorities Budget Office an annual budget on operations and capital construction setting forth the estimated receipts and expenditures for the next fiscal year and the current fiscal year. This budget is submitted to the Authority's Budget Office and can be found on the Organization's website at http://www.oswegocounty.org.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Contributions are recognized as revenue in the year given by the donor. All contributions are considered available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Temporarily restricted net position balances are reclassified to the unrestricted net position balance upon satisfaction of time or purpose restrictions. The Organization receives contributions to be used for specific projects and expenditures. The majority of contributed monies are immediately expended upon receipt for these intended purposes.

### **Property and Improvements**

Property and improvements consist of buildings or improvements, which are stated at cost at the date the property was placed in service or acquired, less accumulated depreciation. It is the policy of the Organization to provide for depreciation of these assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation of fixed assets amounted to approximately \$105,100 and \$102,600 at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred and major renewals and betterments over \$1,000 are capitalized. At the time of the sale or retirement, the costs and accumulated depreciation of such assets are removed from the respective accounts, and the gain or loss is reflected in support and revenues.

### Land Held for Development

Various parcels of land have been purchased by, or contributed to, the Organization for use in business development. Land is stated at cost or its fair market value at the date of acquisition.

### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Land Held for Development (continued)

Development costs for these projects have been added to the land costs. Over the years, the Organization has purchased 182 acres of land to be developed into the Oswego County Industrial Park. During 2016, approximately 16 acres were sold resulting in a net loss of approximately \$103,000. The remaining acreage as of December 31, 2016 is 103 acres. The Organization has also purchased 170 acres in the Oswego County Airport Industrial Park.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Income Taxes

The Organization is exempt from Federal income taxes under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and therefore has made no provision for federal income taxes in the accompanying financial statements.

The Organization complies with the provisions of FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes, which requires that a tax position be recognized or derecognized based on a "more likely than not" threshold. This applies to positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, including maintenance of tax-exempt status. The Organization does not believe the financial statements include any uncertain tax positions. It is the Organization's policy to recognize any interest and penalties as expenses.

#### **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The costs of providing the various programs have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and functional expenses. Certain costs have been allocated based on management's estimate of time spent, occupancy or usage. Costs specifically identified to a program are charged directly to that program.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash accounts in financial institutions. Cash balances may have exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance (FDIC) limits of \$250,000 at various points throughout the year.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Rental Revenue**

Rental revenue is recognized as rents become due. Rental payments received in advance are deferred until earned. All leases between the organization and tenants are operating leases.

### **Pension Plan**

The Organization has a defined contribution plan, which covers all eligible employees. Pension costs amounted to \$50,100 and \$50,400 for 2016 and 2015, respectively.

### 2. Notes Receivable

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Organization held notes receivable primarily from K&N Foods USA for \$635,000 in both years, Minetto Associates, L.P. approximating \$151,300 and \$177,500, respectively and Happy Hearts Childcare, Inc. for approximately \$51,600 in both years. In 2016, a note receivable was issued to Off Broadway Dance Center for \$52,000. These notes receivable relate to corresponding notes payable described in Note 4 in which the Organization received funds from the County of Oswego IDA and U.S. Department of HUD, respectively, and subsequently loaned the funds to the respective borrowers. Repayment of the notes is consistent with the terms described in Note 4.

### 3. Property and Improvements

Property and improvements consist of the following at December 31:

		2016	2015		
Land	\$	23,962	\$	23,962	
Property and improvements		3,937,562		3,825,571	
Furniture and equipment		133,711		133,711	
	1	4,095,235		3,983,244	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,295,765)		(2,190,715)	
	\$	1,799,470	\$	1,792,529	
	10 million - 10 mi	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR AND A STREET			

# 4. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following at December 31:		
	2016	2015
Note payable to the County of Oswego for the development of an industrial park in the Town of Schroeppel, New York, interest free, payable solely from 60% of all net land sales and net lease proceeds until the total reaches the original note balance of \$528,922, secured by the land and building.	\$ 72,930	\$ 108,703
Note payable to the County of Oswego Industrial Development Agency (IDA) for construction of a Park Building for the State University of New York at Oswego (SUNY), interest free, payable solely from 60% of annual rental income, secured by land and building. The building is currently leased to CiTi.	142,328	182,010
Note payable to the County of Oswego IDA for construction of a Day Care Center in the Oswego County Industrial Park, interest free, payable solely from 60% of annual rental income, secured by land and building.	383,307	401,832
Note payable to the County of Oswego IDA for construction of a SPEC building in the Lake Ontario Industrial Park, interest free, payable solely from 60% of annual rental income, secured by land and building.	604,075	667,448
Note payable to the County of Oswego IDA for PILOT 3274 and 3275 for New York State bridge funding grants, repayable solely from State grants, on demand, interest free. PILOT 3275 was paid back in full in October 2016.		25,000
Note payable to the County of Oswego IDA for industrial loan for equipment and construction at K & N's Foods USA, interest free, repayable solely from payments received on note from K & N's Foods USA in various installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$250,000 in six month intervals beginning December 2016 through July 2018, secured by equipment and inventory.	E00.000	500.000
secured by equipment and inventory.	500,000	500,000

### Notes to Financial Statements

# 4. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Note payable to the County of Oswego for construction of a senior housing project, repayable solely from payments received on note from Minetto Associates, L.P. in monthly installments of \$2,322, including interest at 1%, through July 2022, secured by the building.	151,279	177,493
Interest free note payable to the County of Oswego IDA for two short term bridge loan, repayable solely from payments received on the note from Happy Hearts Childcare, Inc. and Off Broadway Dance Center, due in full upon the SBA 504 loan closings expected in 2017. Secured by the property, business assets and personal guarantee of		
owners.	103,627	51,627
	\$ 1,957,546	\$ 2,114,113

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Aggregate maturities of debt are as follows as of December 31, 2016:

2017	\$	332,931
2018		375,495
2019		391,328
2020		129,049
2021		78,341
2022-2026	*	200,876
2027-2031		182,000
2032-2036		189,719
2037-2041		76,375
2042-2046		1,432
	\$	1,957,546

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 5. Related Parties and Commitments

Operation Oswego County, Inc. set up a separate organization, Operation Oswego County Foundation, Inc. that is tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation receives all contributions and pays all advertising and marketing costs, which previously had been accounted for by the Organization.

The Organization's Executive Director also serves as the Chief Executive Officer for the County of Oswego Industrial Development Agency (IDA), a public benefit corporation. In addition, the IDA contracts with the Organization for office space and administration services. The IDA paid \$265,000 and \$248,750 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, to the Organization for space and services.

In previous years, the IDA provided the Organization approximately \$2,831,000 of interest free funding to construct the SUNY, Day Care and SPEC buildings held by the Organization. In 2013, the IDA provided the Organization additional interest free financing for the Birds Eye plant located in Oswego County and \$500,000 for the K&N Foods manufacturing facility. The Organization acted as a conduit lender for these financings and the various companies are responsible for repayment of the debts. Current loan balances payable to the IDA as described in Note 4 approximate \$1,733,000 and \$1,828,000 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

### 6. Deferred Revenue

The County of Oswego advances funds annually. At December 31, 2016, advances were not fully expended for the Economic Development Initiative Fund (EDIF). It is anticipated that the majority of funds will be expended during 2017 for ongoing projects and other identified needs. Revenue will be recognized annually. At December 31, 2016, unearned grant revenue intended to match depreciation has been deferred as well. Total deferred revenue at December 31, 2016 and 2015 approximated \$294,000 and \$300,000, respectively.

### 7. Lease Agreements

The Organization leases its property to several organizations with lease terms as follows:

- Northland Filter International, LLC: month to month, payments of \$8,802 due monthly
- Oswego County Opportunities, Inc.: Lease through December 2017, payments of \$2,708.33 due monthly
- Center for Instruction, Technology & Innovation: Lease through June 2019, payments of \$5,511.42 due monthly through June 30, 2017 and payments of \$5,660.42 due monthly from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019.

### 7. Lease Agreements (continued)

Rental income for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 approximated \$257,300 and \$257,700, respectively.

### 8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 27, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

# OPERATION OSWEGO COUNTY, INC. Statements of Functional Expenses Year ended December 31, 2016

		Program Services	nagement d General			
Salaries	\$	341,132	\$ 46,518	\$	387,650	
Pension plan		44,065	6,009		50,074	
Employee benefits		72,363	9,868		82,231	
Accounting and legal		16,632	2,268		18,900	
Payroll taxes		29,516	4,025		33,541	
Supplies		14,815	2,020	8	16,835	
Telephone		6,727	917	6	7,644	
Occupancy		3,568	486		4,054	
Maintenance and repairs		16,475	2,247		18,722	
Printing and publications		19,241	-		19,241	
Travel		24,031	-		24,031	
Insurance		18,538	2,528		21,066	
Land taxes		6,766	-		6,766	
Advertising		1,357	-		1,357	
Professional services		26,394	339		26,733	
Community relations		6,752	389		7,141	
Miscellaneous		53,986	7,362		61,348	
Dues and subscriptions		6,657	-		6,657	
Micro enterprise program		3,030	-		3,030	
Grant expense		100,000	-		100,000	
Rental and development expenses	·	112,685	 	51 <del>-1-1-</del>	112,685	
	\$	924,730	\$ 84,976	\$	1,009,706	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# OPERATION OSWEGO COUNTY, INC. Statements of Functional Expenses Year ended December 31, 2015

		Program Services	<ul> <li>************************************</li></ul>	nagement d General	Tota	al Expenses
Salaries	\$	360,100	\$	49,105	\$	409,205
Pension plan		44,385		6,053		50,438
Employee benefits		67,415		9,193		76,608
Accounting and legal		27,970		2,202		30,172
Payroll taxes		30,892		4,212		35,104
Supplies		13,370		1,823		15,193
Telephone		6,885		939		7,824
Occupancy		3,917		534		4,451
Maintenance and repairs		19,184		2,616		21,800
Printing and publications		20,993		-		20,993
Travel		24,542		-		24,542
Insurance		18,409		2,510		20,919
Land taxes		6,872		-		6,872
Advertising		1,149		-		1,149
Professional services		23,592		151		23,743
Community relations		10,283		502		10,785
Miscellaneous		61,246		8,352		69,598
Dues and subscriptions		9,343		-		9,343
Micro enterprise program		4,574		-		4,574
Bad debt expense		25,000		-		25,000
Rental and development expenses	<del>)</del>	107,760	-	-		107,760
( <b>2</b> ),	\$	887,881	\$	88,192	\$	976,073

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Operation Oswego County, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Operation Oswego County, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Operation Oswego County, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2017.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Operation Oswego County, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Operation Oswego County, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Operation Oswego County, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Operation Oswego County, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Syracuse, New York February 27, 2017